

Introducing the New CEO



President and CEO Mikio Sakai

Career	Country	Segment
1983 Joined Fuji Oil Co., Ltd. / Sales department	Japan	🙈 📚 🎇
Toraku Foods Co.,Ltd. secondment	Japan	
Fuji Oil Co.,Ltd. Soyafarm Sales Dept.	Japan	et la
Fuji Oil Co., Ltd. Food Functional Agent Sales Dept.	Japan	et la
Fuji Oil (Beijing) Technology Trading President	China	et la
FUJI OIL (ZHANG JIA GANG) CO., LTD. President	China	🔁 📚
FUJI VEGETABLE OIL INC. President	Americas	2
Fuji Oil Holdings Inc. Director Chief Strategy Office (CSO)	HD	
Blommer Chocolate Company Chairman	Americas	S
FUJI SPECIALTIES, INC. President	Americas	2
Fuji Oil Holdings Inc. President and CEO	HD	



Industrial Chocolate Vegetable Oils and Business

Emulsified and Fermented Ingredients Business

Soy-based Ingredients Business

FUJI OIL HOLDINGS INC.

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2. Awareness of current issues and medium-term policy

-Issues and direction

(1) Strengthen management of unprofitable plants, rapid achievement of profitability of new plant

- (2) Expand income by increasing Blommer/Harald production capacity
- (3) Develop distinctive products that reflect changes in society
- (4) Reduce business loss risks related to major raw materials and production activities, increase transparency

-Blommer and Harald

-Management Policy for Next Medium-Term Management Plan

3. Reference materials

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FY2020 Earnings Results, FY2021 Earnings Forecast

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FY2020 Earnings Results

Significantly impacted by COVID-19 but showed improvement in the second half of the year

(Unit · billion ven)

FY2020 Earnings Results

				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Onit : Dimon yen)
	FY2019 Results*	FY2020 Results	YoY	FY2020 Initial plan	FY2020 Revised plan
Revenue	383.7	364.8	(18.9)	370.0	360.0
Operating profit	21.5	17.9	(3.5)	19.3	16.5
Ordinary income	20.3	17.6	(2.7)	17.8	15.3
Net income	14.7	11.0	(3.7)	11.5	10.0

*Amounts indicated reflect the accounting period for the 19 overseas subsidiaries subject to an accounting period change for the fiscal year ended March 2020 adjusted to the 12-month period of April 1, 2019 to March 31, 2020.

Consolidated earnings analysis

vs. Previous Year

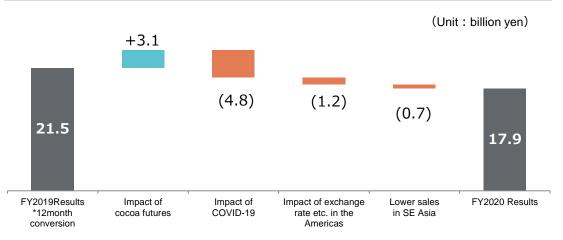
Revenue decreased by 18.9 billion yen, operating profit decreased by 3.5 billion yen

- -Sales volume decreased on impact of COVID-19.
- Sales volume: Decreased significantly in 1Q but recovered gradually.
- Operating profit: 4Q recovered to level largely unchanged YoY.

vs. Revised Targets

- +4.8 billion yen (Revenue) and +1.4 billion yen (operating profit) vs. targets
- -Revenue
- : Sales prices higher on increase in raw material prices in addition to strengthening sales.
- -Operating profit
- : In addition to cost reduction, growth in Japan and China, etc.





Operating profit analysis

- -Impact of Blommer cacao futures +3.1 billion yen (FY2019 - 2.0billion yen,FY2020 + 1.1billion yen)
- Impact of COVID-19
 - Initial plan: -6.1 billion yen (1H: 3.8 billion yen, 2H: 2.3 billion yen)
 - Actual : -4.8 billion yen (1H: 3.8 billion yen, 2H: 1.0 billion yen) The impact of 2H (+1.3 billion yen) was mitigated by strengthening sales activities and cost reductions.

-Lower sales in Southeast Asia and the Americas due to high raw material prices and the impact of exchange rates.

FY2021 Earnings Forecast

Despite increased raw material costs and increased growth investment expenses will drive down profits, operating profit will stay at the same level as the previous year due to growth in sales volume.

(Unit : billion yen)

FY2021 Earnings Forecast

	FY2020 Result	FY2021 Forecast	YoY
Revenue	364.8	400.0	+ 35.2
Operating profit	17.9	18.0	+0.1
Ordinary income	17.6	16.8	(0.8)
Net income	11.0	11.5	+ 0.5

Consolidated earnings analysis

Earnings Revenue increased by 23.8 billion yen, Forecast operating profit increased by 0.1 billion yen

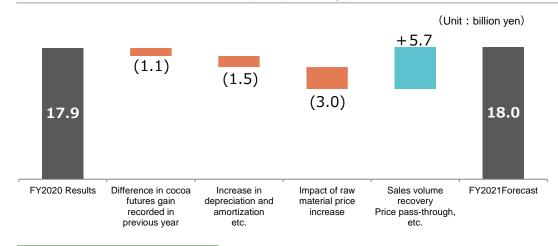
-Revenue: Planning on increased revenue on recovery of sales volume and on higher sales prices due to increases in raw material prices

-Operating profit: Planning on increased profit driven by recovery in sales volume that will cover lower profitability caused by higher raw material prices and increased expenses related to growth investments.

-Although we project decreased income from Vegetable Oils and Fats and Soy-based Ingredients, we are planning for increased income from Emulsified and Fermented Ingredients and Industrial Chocolate.

-Profits at US Blommer will be pushed down by not recording futures gains but we are planning for profit largely unchanged from the previous year. Planning on increased income in Japan on sales volume recovery.

Factors of increases (decreases) in operating profit



Operating profit analysis

-The impact of COVID-19 has not been factored into FY2021.

-Although the loss of gains on cocoa futures, an increase in depreciation and amortization due to investment in growth, and a sharp rise in the price of palm and other raw materials are expected to reduce profits, the recovery in sales volume from the previous fiscal year and the pass-on of raw material prices will offset these factors.

FY2021 Earnings forecast, segment-specific

			(Unit : billion yen)
	FY2020	FY2021	YoY
Revenue	364.8	400.0	+35.2
Vegetable Oils and Fats Business	98.4	107.5	+9.1
Industrial Chocolate Business	162.4	176.2	+13.8
Emulsified and Fermented Ingredients Business	70.6	80.3	+9.7
Soy-based Ingredients Business	33.3	36.0	+2.7
Operating Profit	17.9	18.0	+0.1
Vegetable Oils and Fats Business	7.9	6.2	(1.7)
Industrial Chocolate Business	7.6	8.9	+1.3
Emulsified and Fermented Ingredients Business	*2.7	3.8	+1.1
Soy-based Ingredients Business	*3.5	3.4	(0.1)
Group administrative expenses	(3.8)	(4.2)	(0.5)

(Unit : billion yen)





Emulsified and Fermented Ingredients Business

-Planning on increased income on higher sales volume.

-Planning on increased revenue and profits in all areas on higher sales volume driven by demand recovery.

-Decreased profitability on rising raw material costs and worsening raw material position. -Will launch new US plant in 2H but planning for operating losses in initial fiscal year.

-Projecting improved profitability in Brazil on revisions to appropriate prices. -Planning on increased income in Southeast Asia on sales volume recovery and

-Planning on increased income on higher sales volume driven by sales promotions in China and demand recovery in Southeast Asia.



Soy-based Ingredients Business

Vegetable Oils and Fats Business

Industrial Chocolate Business

partnership with Blommer Shanghai in China.

-Projecting firm demand in Japan, including increased sales volume for soy protein ingredients.

-Planning on increased income on sales volume recovery in China.

-Overall, planning on decreased income for the segment due to increased depreciation expenses related to our new plant (Japan/textured soy protein; Europe/water-soluble pea polysaccharides).

*Soy milk and USS soy milk products included in the Soy-based Ingredients Business have been reclassified to the Emulsified and Fermented Ingredients Business from FY2021, so FY2020 results have been retroactively adjusted.

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FY2021 Target Issues and Assumptions

Issues

1.Response to rising raw material prices

-Price offloading and cost reductions to control impact of rising costs

2.Top-line growth

-Grow sales of emulsified and fermented ingredients in China -Strengthen production in line with demand recovery of chocolate business

3 .New plant construction and expand existing businesses' production capacity

-New plant construction

US : Vegetable oils and fats, Germany: Functional agent (water-soluble pea polysaccharide)

-Growth investments

US·Brazil: Capital expenditures for chocolate

Assumptions

Rising cost of major raw materials

Palm oil

-Continued increase from May 2020 price of \$600/MT Reached \$1,200/MT as of May 2021. Rising raw material prices affect earnings

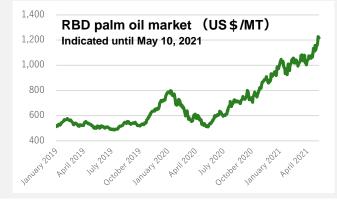
*Market prices for most recent deliveries. May differ from actual purchase prices.

Currency

-Not planning for significant YoY fluctuation in conversion rate

-Harald

The weakening of the Real continues to push down profit margins due to higher costs and lower yen conversion.



(Unit : yen)

Currency	FY2019	FY2020	FY2021 Plan
\$	109.03	106.11	106.50
€	121.68	123.70	126.00
RMB	15.75	15.67	16.67
BRL	27.07	19.62	19.70

*The above currency rate is the PL conversion rate at the time of consolidation

B/S | C/F | Dividend policy

B/S

-Net DER declined to 0.63 due to progress in reducing interest-bearing debt. Further decline in Net DER is expected in FY2021.

-Amortization of goodwill is progressing, and the risk on BS is decreasing.

		FY2	019	FY2020	FY2021 E
Cash and deposits			18.6	20.5	21.3
Goodwill(in a wide ser	nse)		52.7	46.6	43.5
Total assets		3	67.4	358.5	360.2
Interest-bearing loans		146.2		131.3	126.3
Total liabilities		209.4		195.6	190.9
Total net assets		158.0		162.9	170.3
	FY2	019	19 FY2020		FY2021E
Net D/E ratio Net interest-bearing loans/equity capital	0.75		.75 0.63 (End of previous fiscal year: -0.13)		0.57
Equity ratio	42.3		.3 44.6 (End of previous fiscal year: +2.3p)		46.4

C/F

(Unit : billion yen)

-FY2020 : Operating CF increased mainly due to decrease in working capital*1

Real CF of 27.0 billion yen and real FCF of around 10.0 billion yen

*1 Blommer inventory assets decreased due to purchasing scheme with ITOCHU

-FY2021 : Aim to create FCF of about 10 billion yen

(Unit : billion yen)FY2020FY2021 EOperating CF38.232.0Capital Expenditures20.822.0FCF20.810.0CCC (days)107103

Dividend Policy

Maintain current policy of dividend payout ratio of 30% to 40% for FY2021

FY2020

Reflect revision to earnings forecast, reduce dividend to **52 yen**

Dividend payout ratio **40.6%**

FY2021 Plan

- -Plan for **52 yen**
- Dividend payout ratio **38.9%**

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Awareness of current issues and medium-term policy

2

Awareness of current issues

Fixed costs increased on construction of new plant to expand production capacity

Expand scope through M&A but revenues were stagnant

Delay in development of product to serve as new revenue pillar

Increased awareness of and latent risks associated with global environment and human rights issues Direction



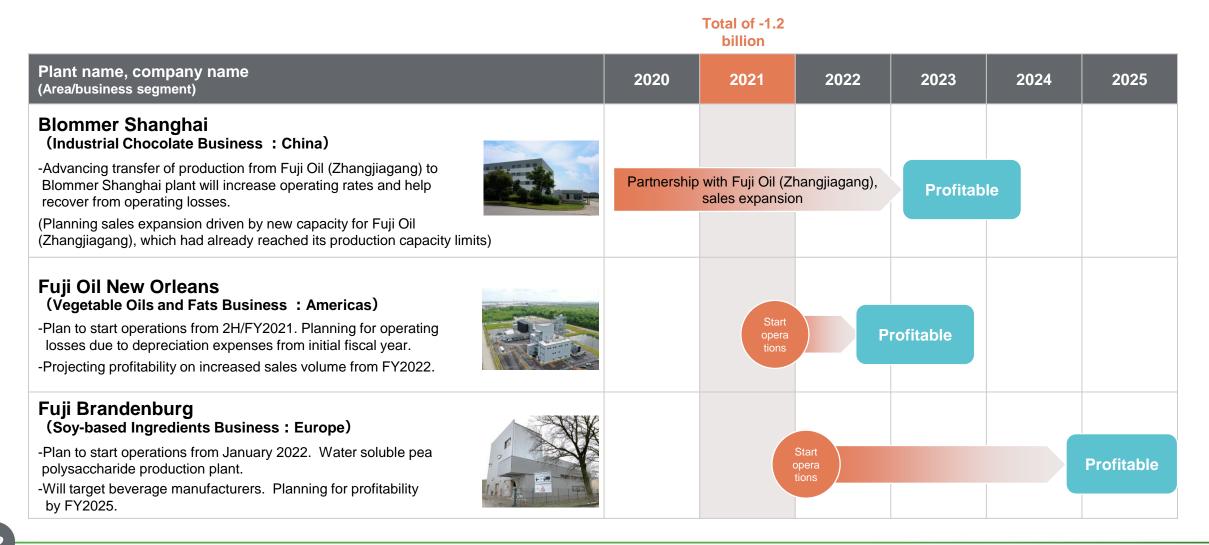
Expand income by increasing Blommer/Harald production capacity

³ Develop distinctive products that reflect changes in society

Build a highly transparent supply chain for main raw materials

Direction **1** Strengthen management of unprofitable plants, rapid achievement of profitability of new plant

Planning for operating losses of 1.2 billion yen from 3 plants in FY2021. Strengthen management functions to achieve scheduled profitability.



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Plant name, company name (Business segment : Area)	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
 Blommer (Industrial Chocolate : Americas) Planning on capital expenditures of US\$ 87 mil between FY2021 and FY2023. Increase chocolate production capacity by 20% from the current level by FY2024. 		ductivity imp capital expe Volu		Volu	ume 0%	
Harald No. 2 Plant (Industrial Chocolate: Americas) -Current plant has reached their maximum production capacity. Launch of No. 2 plant to gradually increase production volume. -Planning to increase production volume by 15% compared to current volume by end of FY2022, and gradually increase production thereafter.		Pl	of construction hase 1 me increase	Volume + 15% Phas Volume in		

Direction 3 Develop distinctive products that reflect changes in society

-We will develop differentiated products to meet the needs of post-Corona and other social changes. -Make vegetable protein a pillar of profit following oils and fats and chocolate.



Vegetable Oils and Fats Business

Stabilized DHA/EPA

-Japan: Use gradually increasing (from second half of 2020)



-Overseas: Install production facilities in Southeast Asia, start targeting customers (from FY2021)



Emulsified and Fermented Ingredients Business

Products distinct for use of plant-based ingredients

- -Increased adoption of soy cream butter, plant-based cheese ingredients
- -Soup base using technology related to deliciousness





Industrial Chocolate Business

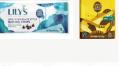
Products promoting health

-Promote sugar-free chocolate on global scale

- ...Blommer: Sugar-free, protein-rich
- ...Japan : Low-carb, sugar-free
- ...Europe : Protein-rich, lactose-free, sugar-free/zero

Expand line of small-volume products

-Sales firm on increased home-use demand in Indonesia, Brazil







Soy-based Ingredients Business

Protein-enriched products

-Powdered protein: Products for protein drinks and healthy bars -Textured protein: Products for cereals and healthy bars

Soybean meat-related

-New soy meat ingredients with improved taste based on technology related to deliciousness (from FY2021)



Direction 4 Reduce business loss risks related to major raw materials and production activities, increase transparency

Direction

activities

Promote proactive activities to reduce risk of lost business opportunities

Current risk awareness

Climate change and human rights issues have not been resolved and may require a stronger response.

particularly in the West

increasing awareness

compared to global leaders

Palm, Cacao, Soybeans, Shea

-We have not reached sufficient levels

-Consumer problem recognition and

Environmental load, resources

-Promote environmental load reduction

-We hold products that cause a high

-Increased consumer awareness

across customer value chains

environmental load

-Response speed of major players,

Social Issues

Human rights

Major raw materials

Environment



Production activities

Promotion of programs and measures

Commitment to sustainable procurement of raw materials

Environmental Vision 2030

-Strengthen supply chain for sustainable raw materials

Shift from customer response to proactive

- -Engagement with suppliers and customers
- -Diversify oil types, evaluate product portfolio
- -Secure environmentally-friendly manufacturing methods
- -Evolve promote strategies based on changes in our portfolio

Strengthen use of internal resources

- -Maximize the use of the Group's human and intellectual resources
- -Build an organizational structure that can keep up with the speed of the world

Risk reduction Profit expansion

Blommer and Harald

Blommer



- 1) Efforts to increase production capacity and improve production losses proceeding slower than planned
- 2) Continued plant worker shortage caused by external factors
- 3) Lower profitability for cacao products due to easing of market supply and demand caused by weak global demand for chocolate, etc.
- -Plans to invest US\$87mil in capex between FY2021 and FY2023
- -First priority is the expansion of value added chocolate, products and labor saving and production capacity expansion

Short-term improvements to above issues will be difficult but demand is firm.

Engage in priority injection of management resources to resolve issues within three years and expand revenues.

Harald



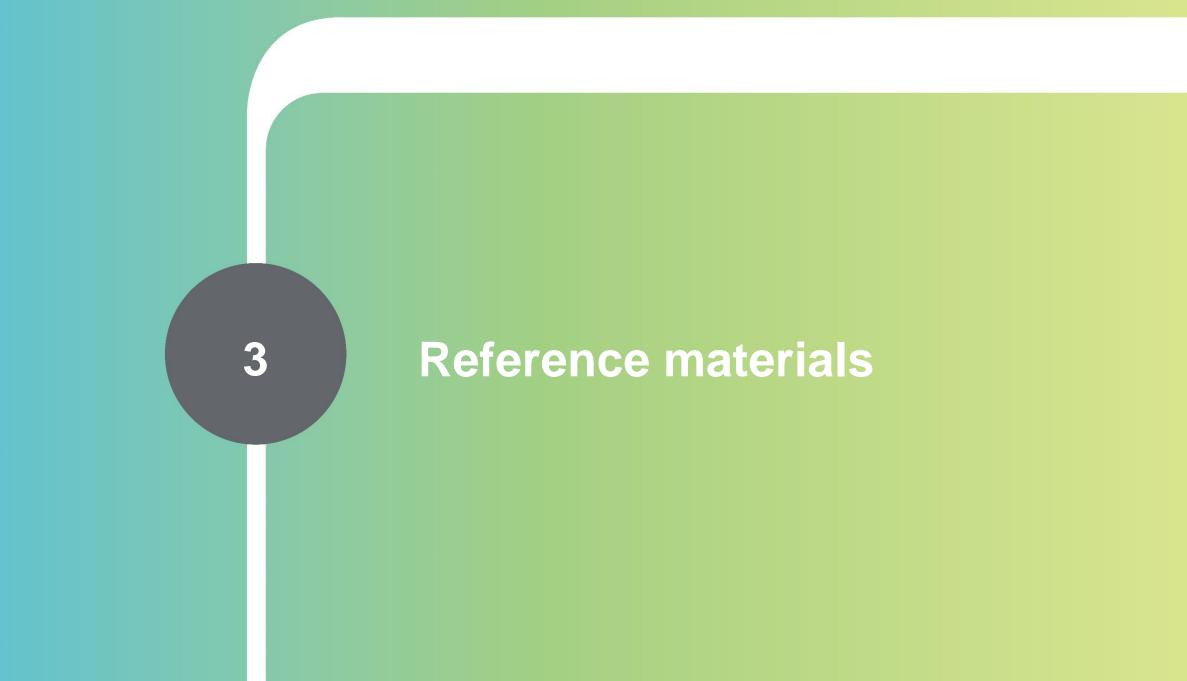
- 1) Currently at MAX production capacity and further production improvements will be difficult. Also near limits of quality improvements.
- 2) Cost increases due to real depreciation against the yen.
- 3) Maintain top share, but further improvement of share ratio in existing markets difficult.
- -Expand production capacity to achieve the following
- (1) Expansion of production capacity for new commercial products such as fillings, and establishment of new sales channels
- (2) Reduce manufacturing costs

However, thorough risk management is critical due to the high expected return on investments for Brazil.

1. Commitment to profit

2. Strengthening Group main office functions and strategies

3. Enhancing efforts related to the sustainability demand by society



Financial Results

		FY2020 Result			FY2021 Forecast			
		FY2019 *1	FY2020	ΥοΥ	FY2020 *3 (After the revision)	FY2021E	ΥοΥ	
	Vegetable Oils and Fats Business	97.9	98.4	+0.5	98.4	107.5	+9.1	
	Industrial Chocolate Business	171.7	162.4	(9.3)	162.4	176.2	+13.8	
Revenue	Emulsified and Fermented Ingredients Business	79.3	69.6	(9.8)	70.6	80.3	+9.7	
	Soy-based Ingredients Business	34.7	34.4	(0.4)	33.3	36.0	+2.7	
	Total	383.7	364.8	(18.9)	364.8	400.0	+35.2	
	Vegetable Oils and Fats Business	10.1	7.9	(2.3)	7.9	6.2	(1.7)	
	Industrial Chocolate Business	7.5	7.6	+0.1	7.6	8.9	+1.3	
Operating Profit	Emulsified and Fermented Ingredients Business	3.8	3.0	(0.8)	2.7	3.8	+1.1	
	Soy-based Ingredients Business	3.9	3.2	(0.8)	3.5	3.4	(0.1)	
	Group administrative expenses	(3.9)	(3.8)	+0.2	(3.8)	(4.2)	(0.5)	
	Total	21.5	17.9	(3.5)	17.9	18.0	+0.1	
Operating p	profit margin	5.6%	4.9%	(0.7pt)	4.9%	4.5%	(0.4pt)	
Ordinary inc	ome	20.3	17.6	(2.7)	17.6	16.8	(0.8)	
Net income		14.7	11.0	(3.7)	11.0	11.5	+0.5	
EBITDA		41.5* ²	34.3	-	34.3	35.9	+1.6	
capital exp	enditure	18.0*2	20.8	-	20.8	22.0	+1.2	
Depreciatio	on and amortization	13.0*2	11.8	-	11.8	13.0	+1.2	
ROE		10.5%*2	7.0%	-	7.0%	7.0%	+0.0pt	
ROA		5.9%*2	4.8%	-	4.8%	4.7%	(0.1pt)	
ROIC		5.1%*2	4.0%	-	4.0%	-	-	
CCC		113days*2	107days	-	107days	103days	(4days)	

 Amounts indicated reflect the accounting period for the 19 overseas subsidiaries subject to an accounting period change for the fiscal year ended March 2020 adjusted to the 12-month period of April 1, 2019 to March 31, 2020.
 Anomalous figures for overseas subsidiaries with 15-month financial statements
 Soy milk and USS soy milk products included in the Soy-based Ingredients Business have been reclassified to the Emulsified and Fermented Ingredients Business from FY2021, so FY2020 results have been retroactively adjusted.

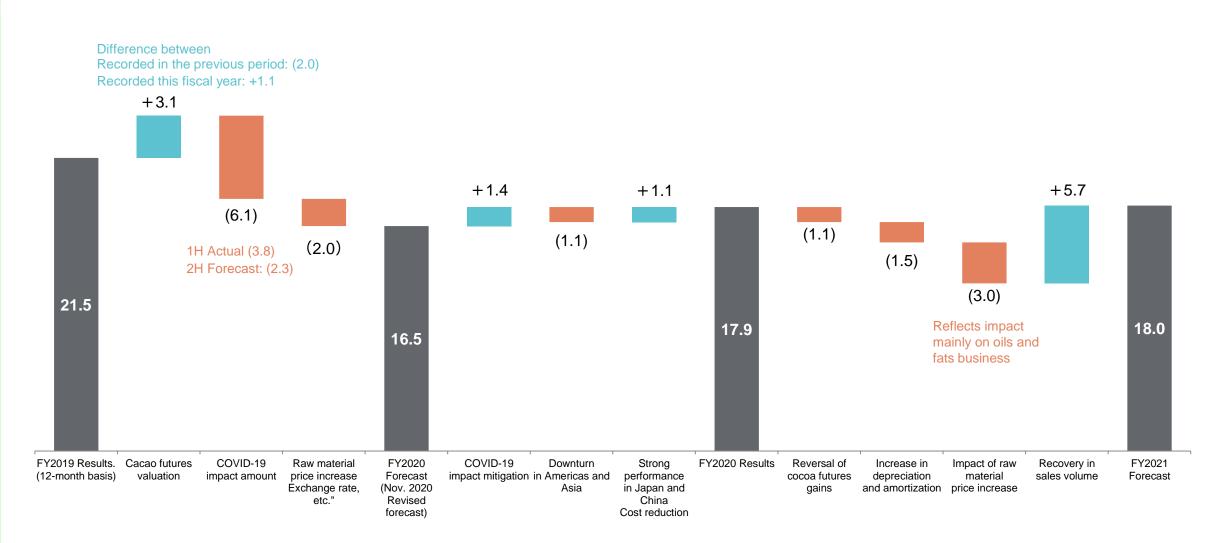
(Unit : billion yen)

Revenue and Operating Profit by Quarter

			Q1			Q 2			Q 3			(Unit : Q 4	billion yen)
		FY2019 The same month of the previous year	FY2020	ΥοΥ	FY2019 The same month of the previous year	FY2020	ΥοΥ	FY2019 The same month of the previous year	FY2020	ΥοΥ	FY2019 The same month of the previous year	FY2020	ΥοΥ
	Vegetable Oils and Fats Business	23.7	22.3	(1.4)	24.1	24.7	+0.6	25.0	25.2	+2	25.1	26.2	+1.2
	Industrial Chocolate Business	38.9	35.3	(3.5)	44.2	39.8	(4.5)	47.2	47.0	(2)	41.4	40.4	(1.1)
Revenue	Emulsified and Fermented Ingredients Business	20.1	16.5	(3.7)	19.7	16.8	(2.9)	21.8	19.6	(22)	17.7	16.7	(1.0)
	Soy-based Ingredients Business	8.9	8.6	(0.3)	8.9	8.7	(0.2)	8.9	8.8	(1)	8.0	8.3	+0.3
	Total	91.6	82.7	(8.9)	96.9	89.9	(7.0)	103.0	100.6	(24)	92.2	91.6	(0.5)
	Vegetable Oils and Fats Business	2.1	1.8	(0.3)	2.6	1.6	(1.0)	2.6	2.2	(5)	2.8	2.3	(0.5)
	Industrial Chocolate Business	0.3	2.0	+1.7	1.9	0.8	(1.0)	3.7	2.6	(11)	1.7	2.2	+0.5
Operating Profit	Emulsified and Fermented Ingredients Business	1.3	0.2	(1.1)	0.7	0.6	(0.1)	1.5	1.6	+ 1	0.3	0.6	+0.3
	Soy-based Ingredients Business	1.1	1.2	+0.1	1.2	0.9	(0.3)	0.9	0.6	(3)	0.8	0.5	(0.3)
	Group administrative expenses	(0.9)	(0.9)	(0.0)	(1.0)	(0.9)	+0.0	(0.9)	(0 .8)	+ 1	(1.2)	(1.1)	+0.1
	Total	3.9	4.3	+0.4	5.5	3.1	(2.4)	7.7	6.2	(16)	4.4	4.4	+0.0
Operating p	rofit margin	4.3%	5.2%	+0.9pt	5.6%	3.4%	(2.2pt)	7.5%	6.1%	(1.4pt)	4.7%	4.8%	+0.1pt
Ordinary inc	come	-	3.8	-	-	3.0	-	-	6.0	-	-	4.7	-
Net income		-	2.8	-	-	1.5	-	-	4.3	-	-	2.4	-

Analysis of Changes in Operating Profit (FY2019~FY2021E)

(Unit : billion yen)



Revenue and Operating Profit (Matrix by Business and Location)

China Total Japan Americas Southeast Asia Europe Revenue FY ^{™1} YoY YoY YoY YoY YoY YoY FY2021 E 35,700 +479 38,000 +7,66716,400 +1,4132,800 +86 14,600 (556)107,500 +9,087Vegetable Oils and FY2020 30.333 (1, 326)2.714 98.413 +527 35.221 (209)+2.13314.987 +19015.156 (261)Fats 2019 (Apr.-Mar.) 35.430 28.200 16.313 2.524 15.417 97.886 FY2021 E +6,362+2,3717,900 +2,27238,400 +2,129114,100 12,100 3,700 +624176,200 +13,755Industrial Chocolate FY2020 36,271 (1.918)107,738 (8,929)9,729 (864) 5,628 +2,8373,076 (403)162,445 (9,278)Business 2019 (Apr.-Mar.) 38,189 116,667 10,593 2,791 3,479 171,723 Emulsified and FY2021 E 52.500 +2.775+1.792+5.13680.300 11.000 16.800 +9.701-Fermented (10,422) FY2020 49.725 (10,794)9.208 (558)11.664 +929-70.599 Ingredients X² 60,519 9,766 10,735 81,021 2019 (Apr.-Mar.) --FY2021 E 33,900 +2,2562,000 +323 100 +100 36,000 +2,679-Sov-based FY2020 31.644 +6051,677 (324)33,321 +281--Ingredients X² 2019 (Apr.-Mar.) 31.039 2.001 33.040 FY2021 E 160.500 +7.637+14.02939.500 +5,575 29.500 +7.815+168 400.000 +35.221152.100 18.400 Total FY2020 152,863 (12,316)138,071 (6,796)33,925 (2,748)21,685 +3,63318,232 (665) 364,779 (18, 893)36,673 18,052 383,672 2019 (Apr.-Mar.) 165,179 144,867 -18,897

Operating Japan Americas Southeast Asia China Europe Consolidation adjustments Group administrative expenses Total FY X¹ YoY Profit YoY YoY YoY YoY YoY YoY YoY +679 FY2021 E 3,499 (951)1,127 (800)793 (298)(228)754 48 (112)6,160 (1,712)(61) -Vegetable Oils and FY2020 4,450 167 160 +72 (2, 252)(176) 1,927 (804)1,091 (234) +11 75 (1, 121)7,872 -Fats 2019 (Apr.-Mar.) 4,626 2.731 1.325 156 1.196 88 10.124 -FY2021 E 5.765 (109)2.116 +848798 +44939 +205)137 (96)33 (15)8.888 +1.280Industrial Chocolate FY2020 1,268 233 48 5,874 (1,100)+2,043349 (516) (166)(232 (132)(1) 7,608 +61 Business 2019 (Apr.-Mar.) 6,974 (775)865 365 49 7,547 66 -Emulsified and FY2021 E 1,662 +202 274 +4261,801 +483 39 (34)3,776 +1,077---FY2020 1.460 (152) +263 73 (94) 2.699 (878) Fermented (643) (404)1,318 --Inaredients X² 2019 (Apr.-Mar.) 2.103 252 1,055 167 3.577 -FY2021 E 3.040 644 +313 (365)(239) 72 +94 3.391 (97) (265)Sov-based FY2020 3,305 331 (196) (126)(103) (22 (298)3,488 (662) (64) --Ingredients X² 3,369 527 276 4,150 2019 (Apr.-Mar.) -(23) FY2021 E 192 +142 (4)(5) (19)(120)(192 +8 --Consolidation FY2020 50 5 (33) 19 120 (200 +133 (294) 4 +5 (19)+207adjustments 2019 (Apr.-Mar.) 344 (1)38 38 (87) (333 _ --Group FY2021 E (4, 215)(459)(4, 215)(459)----FY2020 +184 administrative (3.756)+184 (3.756)---expenses 2019 (Apr.-Mar.) (3.940)(3.940)-FY2021 E 14,158 (982)3,243 +43 1,865 +571 2,423 +753 526 +223 (58) (4, 215)(459)18,000 +89 -Total FY2020 15,140 (2,278)3,200 +1,2451,294 (1, 187)1,670 (172) 303 (1, 148)58 (191)(3,756)+184 17,911 (3,548)2019 (Apr.-Mar.) 1.955 2.481 1.842 1.451 249 (3.940)17.418 21.459

*¹ Amounts indicated reflect the accounting period for the 19 overseas subsidiaries subject to an accounting period change for the fiscal year ended March 2020 adjusted to the 12-month period of April 1, 2019 to March 31, 2020. *² Soy milk and USS soy milk products included in the Soy-based Ingredients Business have been reclassified to the Emulsified and Fermented Ingredients Business from FY2021, so FY2020 results have been retroactively adjusted.

(Unit : million yen)



Segment-specific Summary Vegetable Oils and Fats Business

Revenue (Unit								
	FY2019*	FY2020	YoY	FY2021 E	ΥοΥ			
Revenue	97.9	98.4	+0.5	107.5	+9.1			
Japan	35.4	35.2	(0.2)	35.7	+0.5			
Americas	28.2	30.3	+2.1	38.0	+7.7			
SE Asia	16.3	15.0	(1.3)	16.4	+1.4			
China	2.5	2.7	+0.2	2.8	+0.1			
Europe	15.4	15.2	(0.3)	14.6	(0.6)			

Operating profit

	FY2019*	FY2020	ΥοΥ	FY2021 E	YoY
Operating profit	10.1	7.8	(2.3)	6.2	(1.7)
Japan	4.6	4.5	(0.2)	3.5	(1.0)
Americas	2.7	1.9	(0.8)	1.1	(0.8)
SE Asia	1.3	1.1	(0.2)	0.8	(0.3)
China	0.2	0.2	+0.0	(0.1)	(0.2)
Europe	1.2	0.1	(1.1)	0.8	+0.7

	FY2020 Earnings Results	FY2021 Earnings Forecasts
Japan	-Decreased sales volume for dining industry. -Firm sales of hard butters for chocolate -Unit prices rose due to rising raw materials prices, but profitability declined	 -Continue to see stagnant sales volume for dining industry. -Maintain sales volume for hard butters for chocolate. -Projecting decreased profitability despite revisions to appropriate prices due to rising raw material prices.
Americ as	 Demand for hard butters for chocolate stable despite YoY decline. Worsening of profitability due to raw material market fluctuations. 	 Planning on increased revenue on new plant launch, increased sales volume, and sales price increases. Project operating losses for initial fiscal year due to depreciation expenses for new plant and initial Investments.
SE Asia	 Sales volume decreased on global decline in demand. Sales volume for hard butters for chocolate decreased. 	 Planning on increased income on increased sales volume and sales price increases to reflect rising raw material costs. Project decline in profitability due to raw material market fluctuations.
Europe	 Sales volume for hard butters for chocolate to major customers decreased due to lockdowns. Volume on recovery trend Worsening of profitability due to raw material market fluctuations. 	 Projecting gradual recovery of souvenir market, increased sales of hard butters for chocolate driven by sales promotions. Planning for increased sales volume for sustainable raw materials.

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*Amounts indicated reflect the accounting period for the 19 overseas subsidiaries subject to an accounting period change for the fiscal year ended March 2020 adjusted to the 12-month period of April 1, 2019 to March 31, 2020.



Segment-specific Summary Industrial Chocolate Business

Revenue (Unit : billion yer								
	FY2019*	FY2020	ΥοΥ	FY2021 E	ΥοΥ			
Revenue	171.7	162.4	(9.3)	176.2	+13.8			
Japan	38.2	36.3	(1.9)	38.4	+2.1			
Americas	116.7	107.7	(8.9)	114.1	+6.4			
SE Asia	10.6	9.7	(0.9)	12.1	+2.4			
China	2.8	5.6	+2.8	7.9	+2.3			
Europe	3.5	3.1	(0.4)	3.7	+0.6			

Operating profit

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	FY2019*	FY2020	YoY	FY2021 E	YoY
Operating profit	7.5	7.6	+0.1	8.9	+1.3
Japan	7.0	5.9	(1.1)	5.8	(0.1)
Americas	(0.8)	1.3	+2.0	2.1	+0.8
SE Asia	0.9	0.3	(0.5)	0.8	+0.4
China	0.1	(0.2)	(0.2)	0.0	+0.2
Europe	0.4	0.2	(0.1)	0.1	(0.1)

	FY2020 Earnings Results	FY2021 Earnings Forecasts		
Japan	-Decreased sales volume for gift market. Sales of confectionary and ice cream firm on stay-home demand.	-Projecting increased sales volume. -Increase sales of high value-added chocolate, promote sustainability efforts.		
	-4Q recovered to sales volume largely unchanged YoY thanks to firm demand.			
Americ as USA Brazil	 (USA) -Sales volume decreased due to COVID-19, Insufficient production staff. -Operating profit driven by cacao futures valuations. -Profitability of cacao products declined on drop in cacao market prices. (Brazil) -Sales volume decreased, particularly in 1Q, due to COVID-19. Profitability decreased due to Brazilian real depreciation and high raw material prices. 	 (USA) -Demand continues to recover due to progress in vaccination. -Continued stagnant profitability for cacao products due to market price factors. -Continued productivity improvements and projecting firm sales of sugar-free chocolate. (Brazil) -Improve profitability by passing on higher raw material prices, lower exchange rates, inflation, and other factors. -Expand sales of products responding to increasing 		
SE Asia	-Sales to outdoor ice cream and bread market decreased in Indonesia. -Bakery demand firm in Australia.	home-use demand. -In Indonesia, planning for demand recovery and increase sales volume on new sales promotions. -Planning to expand sales in Australia.		
China	-Confectionary demand firm, increased sales volume. -Promoted profit improvement strategy based on two-plant structure with Blommer Shanghai, reduced operating losses.	-Planning to partner with Blommer Shanghai on sales promotion and eliminate operating losses by achieving optimal production balance.		
Europe	-Sales volume decreased, particularly for gift confectionary, due to impact of COVID-19. Volume on recovery trend since second half.	 -Recovery of sales volume, expansion of product lineup by adding new lines, and taking measures to expand sales in other areas in cooperation with group companies. -Planning a decrease in profit due to an increase in the depreciation burden of the new line that will start operation in 2H. 		

FUJI OIL HOLDINGS INC.



Segment-specific Summary

Emulsified and Fermented Ingredients Business

Revenue				(Unit	: billion yen)		FY2020 Earnings Results	FY2021 Earnings Forecasts
Rev	FY2019 *1	FY2020 *2 70.6	YoY (10.4)	FY2021 E	ΥοΥ		-Net sales decrease due to sale of Toraku Foods.	-Projecting increased sales volume on demand recovery and sales promotions.
Revenue	79.3	69.6	(10.4)	80.3	+9.7		-Sales volume to convenience stores (bread),	-Focus on distinctive product line with focus on sustainability and health.
Rev Japan	vision 60.5 58.8	49.7 48.7	(10.8) (10.1)	52.5	+2.8	Japan	restaurants, and souvenir market decreased, particularly in 1Q, due to COVID-19 but from	
SE Asia	9.8	9.2	(0.6)	11.0	+1.8		2H sales for desserts and beverages were firm.	
China	10.7	11.7	+0.9	16.8	+5.1			
Operating	g profit FY2019	FY2020	YoY	FY2021 E	ΥοΥ	SE Asia	 Sales volume for preparations decreased due to stagnant souvenir market conditions in Japan. Costs increased due to downtime for plant consolidation. 	-Sales volume recovery. -Promote plant consolidation to decrease costs.
Operating ^F profit	*1 Revision 3.6 3.8	*2 2.7 3.0	(0.9) (0.8)	3.8	+1.1		 -1Q sales volume for baking ingredients decreased due to COVID. Market recovered from 2Q onward with sales volume increasing YoY thanks to sales promotion strategy. -Income increased on intensified use of web- based product introductions, the launch of hit products, and the promotion of distinctive products. 	-Revise prices to reflect cost increases for
	Revision 2.1 2.3	1.5 1.8	(0.6) (0.6) (0.5)	17	+0.2			raw materials. -Planning sales promotions for high value-
SE Asia	0.3	(0.2)	(0.4)	0.3	+0.4	China		added products and low-cost products that respond to consumer needs.
China	1.1	1.3	+0.3	1.8	+0.5			-Continue developing new routes, brand value improvement strategy.

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 Amounts indicated reflect the accounting period for the 19 overseas subsidiaries subject to an accounting period change for the fiscal year ended March 2020 adjusted to the 12-month period of April 1, 2019 to March 31, 2020.
 Soy milk and USS soy milk products included in the Soy-based Ingredients Business have been reclassified to the Emulsified and Fermented Ingredients Business from FY2021, the amount of retroactive adjustments is shown in the upper row.



Segment-specific Summary Soy-based Ingredients Business

Revenue				(Unit	: billion yen)		FY2020 Earnings Results	FY2021 Earnings Forecasts
	FY2019 *1	FY2020 *2	YoY	FY2021 E	YoY		-Soy protein ingredients	 Increased depreciation expenses and related costs for new textured soy protein plant launched last
Revenue	vision 33.0 34.7	33.3 34.4	+0.3 (0.4)	36.0	+2.7		(textured, powdered) Favorable sales volume of products for protein drinks, cereal, and healthy bars thanks to increase health-driven demand. <u>-Soy protein foods</u> (Frozen tofu, deep-fried tofu, ganmodoki, etc.) Sales volume to school lunch programs, industry cafeterias, and restaurants decreased due to COVID-19.	fiscal year. Expect impact of higher raw material costs
Japan Rev	vision 31.0 32.7	31.6 32.7	+0.6 (0.0)	33.9	+2.3			 Expect soy protein ingredients (textured, powdered) to drive top-line growth on promotion of high value-
China	2.0	1.7	(0.3)	2.0	+0.3	Japan		added products.
Europe	_	-	-	0.1	+0.1			-Will optimize East-West product balance of two- plant structure for textured soy protein to increase operating rates of new plant and focus on expansion of high value-added products.
							<u>-Functional agents</u> (water soluble soy polysaccharide,peptide) Decreased sales volume for beverages and convenience store prepared noodle dishes.	-Accelerate shift of soy protein products to nutritionally enriched products and intermediate ingredient products.
Operating	g profit						-Decreased sales volume for functional agents	-Planning to expand sales of functional agents and
						China	to beauty markets	soy foods.
	FY2019 *1	FY2020 *2	YoY	FY2021 E	YoY	China	-Stagnant sales of soybean foods (Tofu etc.)	-Establish new R&D Division to build structure for
Operating F profit	3.9	3.5 3.2	(0.7) (0.8)		(0.1)			timely proposals suited to local needs.
Japan	Revision 3.4 3.2	3.3 3.0	(0.1) (0.2)		(0.3)		-Started construction on water soluble pea polysaccharide production plant.	-Plan to start operation of water soluble pea polysaccharide production plant in January 2022.
China	0.5	0.3	(0.2)	0.6	+0.3	Europa		
Europe	(0.0)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.4)	(0.2)	Europe		

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*1 Amounts indicated reflect the accounting period for the 19 overseas subsidiaries subject to an accounting period change for the fiscal year ended March 2020 adjusted to the 12-month period of April 1, 2019 to March 31, 2020. *2 Soy milk and USS soy milk products included in the Soy-based Ingredients Business have been reclassified to the Emulsified and Fermented Ingredients Business from FY2021, the amount of retroactive adjustments is shown in the upper row.

Medium-Term Management Plan(2017-2020) Review

(Unit : billion yen) **%Based** vear FY2020 Target **FY2016 FY2017 FY2018** FY2019*1 FY2020 (4 years cumulative) (When the plan formulated) ROE 8.3% 8.8% 7.3% 10.5% 7.0% 10.0% 4.1% 4.5% 3.8% 3.9% 3.0% Net income margin Approx.5% Total return on asset 107.5% 113.6% 77.0% 112.9% 100.5% Approx.115% 2.5x 2.2 Financial leverage 1.8x 1.7x 2.4x Approx. 1.8x EPS 134.7 128.1 EPS CAGR ≧ 8% 140.8 159.9 190.5 EPS growth rate 31.2% 13.5% (15.7%) — **Operating profit** 19.7 20.5 18.5 23.6 17.9 Operating profit CAGR $\geq 6\%$ _ EPS growth rate 16.9% 4.0% (9.5%) _ Payout ratio 31.2% 30.0% 37.1% 29.4% 40.6% 30-40% **Operating cash flow** 16.5 28.2 22.6 37.1 38.2 126.1 4 year cumulative CF 100 billion yen (billion yen) CCC (days) 110 103 105*2 113*3 107 10 days contraction _ Account receivable (days) 74 76 62 66 _ Wholesale assets (days) 65 57 75 69 _ Trade payable (days) 29 30 25 28 **Capital expenditure** 14.7 13.6 15.9 18.0 20.8 69.4 4 year total of about 60-70 billion yen (billion yen) Blommer. M&A assurances of 50 billion yen in funding _ _ IFS

*1 FY2019 reflects the change in the accounting period of overseas group companies. (excluding some subsidiaries) ($12 \rightarrow 15$ months).

*2 FY2018 CCC:Blommer is not included

*3 FY2019 CCC:Calculated by converting to 12 months for overseas group companies that apply 15-month financial statements